

HAP21 Oncology emergencies

The trainee will be able to evaluate the patient who presents with medical problems caused by cancer, produce a valid differential diagnosis, appropriate investigation and implement a management plan		
Knowledge	Assessment Methods	GMP Domains
Be able to recognise the complications related to local tumour progression e.g. acute cord compression, upper airway obstruction, pericardial and pleural effusions, SVC compression syndrome, raised intracranial pressure	E, Mi, C, ACAT	1
Be able to identify the biochemical complications of malignancy- hypercalcaemia, SIADH, adrenocortical insufficiency	E, Mi, C, ACAT	1
Recognise the complications relating to myelosuppression - specifically neutropenic sepsis, anaemia and thrombocytopenia	E, Mi, C, ACAT	1
Skills		
Recognise and commence emergency treatment	Mi, C	1
Involve specialists promptly - identify patients who may benefit from further oncological treatment	Mi, C	1
Provide pain relief	Mi, C	1
Establish if living will, treatment plan exists	Mi, C	1
Behaviours		
Sympathy, understanding and manage carers/family	Mi, C	1,2,3,4